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\text { P - II (1+1+1) G / } 20 \text { (N) }
$$

2020

## COMPUTER SCIENCE (General)

## Paper Code : III - A \& B

 [New Syllabus]
## Important Instructions for Multiple Choice Question (MCQ)

- Write Subject Name and Code, Registration number, Session and Roll number in the space provided on the Answer Script.

Example : Such as for Paper III-A (MCQ) and III-B (Descriptive).

Subject Code : | III | A | $\&$ | B |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Subject Name :


- Candidates are required to attempt all questions (MCQ). Below each question, four alternatives are given [i.e. (A), (B), (C), (D)]. Only one of these alternatives is 'CORRECT' answer. The candidate has to write the Correct Alternative [i.e. (A)/(B)/(C)/(D)] against each Question No. in the Answer Script.

Example - If alternative A of 1 is correct, then write :

1. -A

- There is no negative marking for wrong answer.


## মান্টিপল চয়েস প্রশ্নের (MCQ) জন্য জরুরী নির্দেশাবলী

- উত্তরপত্রে নির্দেশিত স্থানে বিষয়ের (Subject) নাম এবং কোড, রেজিস্ট্রেশন নম্বর, সেশন এবং রোল নম্বর লিখতে হবে।

উদাহ্রণ — যেমন Paper III-A (MCQ) এবং III-B (Descriptive)।

Subject Code : | $I I$ | $A$ | $\&$ | $B$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Subject Name :


- পরীক্ষার্থীদের সবগুলি প্রপ্নের (MCQ) উত্তর দিতে হবে। প্রতিটি প্রশ্নে চারটি করে সম্ভাব্য উত্তর, যথাক্রন্ম (A), (B), (C) এবং (D) করে দেওয়া আছে। পরীক্ষার্থীকে তার উত্তরের স্বপক্ষ (A) / (B) / (C) / (D) সঠিক বিকল্গটিকে প্রশ্ন নম্বর উল্লেখসহ উত্তরপত্রে লিখতে হবে।
উদাহ্রণ - যদি 1 নম্বর প্রশ্নের সঠিক উত্তর A হয় তবে লিখতে হবে : 1. -A
- ভুল উত্তরের জন্য কোন নেগোিভ মার্কিং নেই।


## Paper Code : III - A

Full Marks : 30<br>Time : Thirty Minutes

Choose the correct answer.
Each question carries 1.5 marks.
Answer all questions.

1. Which of the following acts as the primary controlling mechanism for the computer's hardware?
(A) RAM
(B) CPU
(C) Operating System
(D) CD ROM
2. A situation where a process or a set of processes is blocked, waiting for some resource that is held by some other waiting processes -
(A) Mutual exclusion
(B) Semaphores
(C) Deadlock
(D) None of the above
3. Which of the following is not logical operator?
(A) \&
(B) \&\&
(C) !
(D) ||
4. Which of the following cannot be checked in a switch-case statement?
(A) Character
(B) Float
(C) Integer
(D) None of these
5. Queue is a $\qquad$ list -
(A) LIFO
(B) FILO
(C) LILO
(D) FIFO
6. The complexity of linear search algorithm is -
(A) $\mathrm{O}(\mathrm{n})$
(B) $\mathrm{O}(\log \mathrm{n})$
(C) $\mathrm{O}\left(\mathrm{n}^{2}\right)$
(D) $\mathrm{O}(\mathrm{n} \log \mathrm{n})$
7. Which function you will use for coping string from source to destination?
(A) $\operatorname{Strcpy}()$
(B) $\operatorname{Strrev}()$
(C) Strlwr()
(D) None of these
8. The ' C ' language has been developed by -
(A) Patrick Naughton
(B) Dennis Ritche
(C) Ken Thompson
(D) Martin Richards
9. In $\qquad$ search start at the beginning of the list and check every element in the list.
(A) Linear search
(B) Binary search
(C) Both (A) and (B)
(D) None of these
10. Which of the following is non-linear data structure -
(A) Stack
(B) List
(C) Trees
(D) None of these
11. Which data structure allows deleting data elements at front and inserting at rear?
(A) Stack
(B) Queue
(C) Both (A) and (B)
(D) None of these
12. The memory address of the first element of an array is called -
(A) Floor address
(B) First address
(C) Base address
(D) None of these
13. Operating system means -
(A) A set of programs which controls computer working
(B) A way a computer operator works
(C) A way a floppy disk drive operates
(D) All of the above
14. An OS is an -
(A) Application program
(B) System program
(C) AI program
(D) None of the above
15. The worst fit algorithm -
(A) Is used only when nothing better is available
(B) Is to place program in largest available partition
(C) Should never be used
(D) Places a program in the smallest possible partition
16. MMU stands for -
(A) Main Memory
(B) Main Memory Management Unit
(C) Memory Management Unit
(D) None of the above
17. The process is -
(A) An instance of a program in execution
(B) A program only
(C) A processor state
(D) None of the above
18. PCB stands for -
(A) Process Control Board
(B) Program Control Block
(C) Process Control Block
(D) None of the above
19. What will be the output of the following program? int main() \{ int $\mathrm{i}=65$; printf("In \%d \%c",i,i); return $0 ;\}$
(A) Will show an error
(B) 65 A
(C) A 65
(D) None of the above
20. LRU page replacement policy is -
(A) Last Replaced Unit
(B) Last Restored Unit
(C) Least Recently Used
(D) None of the above

$$
\text { P - II (1+1+1) G / } 20 \text { (N) }
$$

# COMPUTER SCIENCE (General) 

## Paper Code : III - B

[New Syllabus]
Full Marks : 70
Time : Two Hours Thirty Minutes
The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Five questions to be answered, taking at least one and at-most } \\
& \qquad \text { two questions from each groups. } 14 \times 5=70 \\
& \text { Group - A }
\end{aligned}
$$

1. (a) Write an algorithm to sort a set of numbers using Insertion Sort technique. Give an example of it.
(b) Explain recursion with an example.
(c) Explain dynamic memory allocation.
2. (a) Write an algorithm that implements Binary Search iteratively?
(b) Convert the following Infix expression to its corresponding postfix expression :
(A/B)*C-D+E*F
(c) Define Time and Space Complexity.
3. (a) Differentiate between Stack and Queue.
(b) Write the advantages of Linked List over an Array.
(c) Write a function in C programming that implements Bubble sort? Explain with example. Write the complexity of it.

## Group - B

4. (a) Briefly discuss about Process Life Cycle?
(b) Define preemptive and non preemptive scheduling?
(c) What do you mean by deadlock? What are the conditions of deadlock? Describe briefly.
5. (a) What do you mean by paging? Write two advantages of paging?
(b) What is page fault?
(c) Briefly describe Demand Paging.
$(4+2)+2+6=14$

## Group - C

6. (a) Write a c program to print the following pattern :

| 1 |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 2 |  |  |  |
| 1 | 2 | 3 |  |  |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |  |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

(b) What should be the output of this following program that is given below -

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define LENGTH 10
#define WIDTH 5
#define NEWLINE '\n'
int main()
{
int area;
area = LENGTH * WIDTH;
printf("value of area : %d", area);
printf("%c", NEWLINE);
return 0;
}
```

(c) Write the difference between keyword and identifier?
(d) Briefly discuss about data types in C.
7. (a) What is an array? How elements of an array are stored?
(b) Write the syntax of While loop and for loop with example?
(c) Explain the C operators briefly (any $t w o$ ) :
(i) Bitwise operators
(ii) Arithmetic operators
(iii) Logical operators

