2021

SOCIOLOGY (Honours)

Paper Code : VII - A & B

(Social Demography and Social Problems in India)

[New Syllabus New Pattern]

Important Instructions
for Multiple Choice Question (MCQ)

- Write Subject Name and Code, Registration number, Session and Roll number in the space provided on the Answer Script.

  Example : Such as for Paper III-A (MCQ) and III-B (Descriptive).

  Subject Code : | III | A | & | B |

  Subject Name : | |

- Candidates are required to attempt all questions (MCQ). Below each question, four alternatives are given [i.e. (A), (B), (C), (D)]. Only one of these alternatives is 'CORRECT' answer. The candidate has to write the Correct Alternative [i.e. (A)/(B)/(C)/(D)] against each Question No. in the Answer Script.

  Example — If alternative A of 1 is correct, then write :

          1. — A

- There is no negative marking for wrong answer.

মাল্টিপল চয়েস প্রশ্নের (MCQ) জন্য জরুরী নির্দেশাবলী

- উত্তরপত্রে নির্দেশিত স্থানে বিষয়ের (Subject) নাম এবং কোড, রেজিস্ট্রেশন নম্বর, সেশন এবং রোল নম্বর লিখতে হবে।

  উদাহরণ — যেমন Paper III-A (MCQ) এবং III-B (Descriptive)।

  Subject Code : | III | A | & | B |

  Subject Name : | |

- পরীক্ষার্থীদের সবগুলি প্রশ্নের (MCQ) উত্তর দিতে হবে। প্রতিটি প্রশ্নে চারটি করে সম্ভাব্য উত্তর, যথাক্রমে (A), (B), (C) এবং (D) করে দেওয়া আছে। পরীক্ষার্থীকে তার উত্তরের স্বপক্ষে (A) / (B) / (C) / (D) সঠিক বিকল্পটিকে প্রশ্ন নম্বর উল্লেখসহ উত্তরপত্রে লিখতে হবে।

  উদাহরণ — যদি 1 নম্বর প্রশ্নের সঠিক উত্তর **A** হয় তবে লিখতে হবে :

  1. — **A**

- ভুল উত্তরের জন্য কোন নেগেটিভ মার্কিং নেই।

Paper Code : VII - A

Choose the correct answer.

Each question carries 2 marks.

1. The term 'demos' in Demography means ——————— .

    (A) The city

    (B) The people

    (C) The government

    (D) None of the above

2. In the beginning, demography was used only for ——————— .

    (A) Constructing social policies

    (B) For care of children

    (C) For enumerating total population

    (D) None of the above

3. ——————— is defined as the number of individuals per square kilometre.

    (A) Birth Rate

    (B) Sex Ratio

    (C) Fertility

    (D) Population Density

4. When did the first five year plan begin in India ?

   (A) 1992

   (B) 1990

   (C) 1951

   (D) 1982

5. Identify the type of migration : *Kolkata to Delhi*

   (A) Rural to Urban

   (B) Urban to Urban

   (C) Urban to Rural

   (D) Rural to Rural

6. The incidence of disease in a population is known as _____ .

   (A) Morbidity

   (B) Mortality

   (C) Infant Mortality

   (D) Death Rate

7. Flood, War and Drought are examples of _____ checks as stated by Thomas Malthus.

   (A) Preventive Checks

   (B) Absolute Checks

   (C) Positive Checks

   (D) Definite Checks

8. Which social scientist is associated with The Demographic Transition Theory ?

   (A) Emile Durkheim

   (B) Thomas Malthus

   (C) Warren Thompson

   (D) David Ricardo

9. Family planning and use of contraceptives begins in which stage of The Demographic Transition theory ?

   (A) Stage I

   (B) Stage II

   (C) Stage III

   (D) Stage IV

10. According to the Census of 2011, which city recorded the highest population in India ?

    (A) Bangalore

    (B) Kolkata

    (C) Delhi

    (D) Mumbai

_____

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SOCIOLOGY (Honours)

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Full Marks : 80   Time : Three Hours Thirty Minutes

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Group - A

Answer any *five* questions, taking at least *two* from each Section.

12×5=60

Section - I

1. What is Social Demography ? Explain what you understand by demographic factors of social change.   4+8=12

2. Define the term mortality. What are the various factors affecting mortality in rural India?   4+8=12

3. Discuss the various sources of vital statistics in India.   12

4. Explain in detail the various measures that have been taken to control population growth in India.   12

Section - II

5. Identify and explain the various reasons behind displacement of people in India.   12

6. What is divorce ? Write an essay on the provision of divorce in Hindu Marriage Act of 1955 ?   4+8=12

7. Who is a juvenile delinquent ? Identify the reasons behind juvenile delinquency in India.   4+8=12

8. Define literacy rate. Discuss two literacy programmes in India.   4+8=12

Group - B

9. Answer any *four* of the following questions :   5×4=20

    (a) Differentiate between in-migration and out-migration.

    (b) Write in brief the factors affecting fertility in India.

    (c) What is population explosion ?

    (d) What are arithmetic progression and geometric progression in Malthusian Theory of Population ?

    (e) White a note on any two causes of poverty in India.

    (f) Write a short note on trafficking of women in India.

    (g) Write a brief note on any two old age programmes in India.

    (h) Write a short note on the problem of corruption in India.

———————