P - III (1+1+1) H / 21 (N)

2021

PHILOSOPHY (Honours)

Paper Code : VII-A & B

(Psychology and Socio Political Philosophy)

[New Syllabus]

Important Instructions for Multiple Choice Question (MCQ)			
• Write Subject Name and Code, Registration number, Session and Roll number in the space provided on the Answer Script.			
Example : Such as for Paper III-A (MCQ) and III-B (Descriptive).			
Subject Code : III A & B			
Subject Name :			
• Candidates are required to attempt all questions (MCQ). Below each question, four alternatives are given [i.e. (A), (B), (C), (D)]. Only one of these alternatives is 'CORRECT' answer. The candidate has to write the Correct Alternative [i.e. (A)/(B)/(C)/(D)] against each Question No. in the Answer Script.			
Example — If alternative A of 1 is correct, then write : 1. — A			
 There is no negative marking for wrong answer. 			

Page 1 of 10

মাল্টিপল চয়েস প্রশ্নের (MCQ) জন্য জরুরী নির্দেশাবলী
 উত্তরপত্রে নির্দেশিত স্থানে বিষয়ের (Subject) নাম এবং কোড, রেজিস্ট্রেশন নম্বর, সেশন এবং রোল নম্বর লিখতে হবে।
উদাহরণ — যেমন Paper III-A (MCQ) এবং III-B (Descriptive)।
Subject Code : III A & B
Subject Name :
• পরীক্ষার্থীদের সবগুলি প্রশ্নের (MCQ) উত্তর দিতে হবে। প্রতিটি প্রশ্নে চারটি করে সন্তাব্য উত্তর, যথাক্রমে (A), (B), (C) এবং (D) করে দেওয়া আছে। পরীক্ষার্থীকে তার উত্তরের স্বপক্ষে (A) / (B) / (C) / (D) সঠিক বিকল্পটিকে প্রশ্ন নম্বর উল্লেখসহ উত্তরপত্রে লিখতে হবে।
উদাহরণ — যদি 1 নম্বর প্রশ্নের সঠিক উত্তর A হয় তবে লিখতে হবে : 1. — A
• ভুল উত্তরের জন্য কোন নেগেটিভ মার্কিং নেই।

Page 2 of 10

Paper Code : VII - A

Full Marks : 20

Time : Thirty Minutes

Choose the correct answer.

Each question carries 1 mark.

- 1. 'Psychology is the science of the Psyche or Soul' said by ---
 - (A) Aristotle
 - (B) Plato
 - (C) Watson
 - (D) Descartes
- 2. 'Gestalt' is a ---
 - (A) Latin Word
 - (B) Greek Word
 - (C) German Word
 - (D) English Word
- 3. Introspection Method is
 - (A) Subjective
 - (B) Objective
 - (C) Critical
 - (D) None of the above

Page 3 of 10

- 4. 'Retention' is a factor of ----
 - (A) Memory
 - (B) Forgetting
 - (C) Personality
 - (D) None of the above
- 5. Thorndike's theory of learning is called
 - (A) Trial and Error method
 - (B) Learning by Insight
 - (C) Conditioned response theory of learning
 - (D) None of the above
- 6. 'Conditioned Reflex' Experiment is associated with ----
 - (A) Thorndike
 - (B) Kohler
 - (C) Ivan Pavlov
 - (D) Knight and Knight
- 7. 'Conditioned Reflex' experiments was done on ---
 - (A) A Monkey
 - (B) A Cow
 - (C) A Horse
 - (D) A Dog

Page 4 of 10

- 8. Proofs of the existence of the Unconscious is ---
 - (A) Dream
 - (B) Perception
 - (C) Sensation
 - (D) None of the above
- 9. 'Law of Exercise' is related to ---
 - (A) Gestalt
 - (B) Thorndike
 - (C) Freud
 - (D) Binet
- 10. I.Q means
 - (A) Intelligence Quotient
 - (B) Intelligent Question
 - (C) Intelligence Quarterly
 - (D) Intelligence Quality
- 11. The example of a Primary Group is ----
 - (A) A political Party
 - (B) A Family
 - (C) A Trade Union
 - (D) None of the above

Page 5 of 10

- - (A) Political Awareness
 - (B) Political Power
 - (C) A Locality
 - (D) None of the above
- 13. 'Faith in God' is one of the characteristic in ---
 - (A) Karl Marx's Socialism
 - (B) Gandhian Socialism
 - (C) Plato's Thinking
 - (D) None of the above
- 14. The example of a Permanent Association is ----
 - (A) Family
 - (B) A Church
 - (C) State
 - (D) None of the above
- 15. Social Philosophy is ----
 - (A) Subjective
 - (B) Positive
 - (C) Normative
 - (D) None of the above

Page 6 of 10

- 16. Sarvodaya is propounded by ----
 - (A) Vinoba Bhave
 - (B) Gandhiji
 - (C) Rabindranath Tagore
 - (D) None of the above
- 17. Social Philosophy is
 - (A) Positive
 - (B) Subjective
 - (C) Normative
 - (D) Assertive
- 18. A welfare state performs ----
 - (A) Only welfare functions
 - (B) Only protective functions
 - (C) Both welfare and protective function
 - (D) None of the above
- 19. Each of the following is part of the process of sensation except
 - (A) Receiving messages
 - (B) Translating message
 - (C) Transmitting messages
 - (D) Interpreting messages

20. Permanent Association is ----

- (A) A Club
- (B) Trade Union
- (C) Cultural Association

(D) State

Page 8 of 10

P - III (1+1+1) H / 21 (N)

2021

PHILOSOPHY (Honours)

Paper Code : VII-B

(Psychology and Socio Political Philosophy)

[New Syllabus]

Full Marks : 80

Time : Three Hours Thirty Minutes

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Group - A

(Psychology)

Section - I

Answer any two of the following :	15×2=30		
1. What is learning? Critically examine the Gestalt theory of learning.	5+10=15		
2. Explain Freud's Theory of Dream.	15		
3. Give an account of the experimental method in Psychology. We limitations of this method ? Explain.	nat are the 9+6=15		
4. Critically discuss James-Lange Theory of Emotion.	15		
Section - II			
5. Answer any <i>two</i> of the following :	5×2=10		
(a) How do we perceive movement?	5		
(b) What are the marks of good memory?	5		

Page 9 of 10

(c)	What is Introspection?	5
(d)	Is pure sensation possible?	5

Group - B

(Socio and Political Philosophy)

Section - I

Answer any two questions of the following :	15×2=30	
6. What is Justice? Explain the principles of social justice.	4+11=15	
7. What do you understand by Sarvodaya? Explain.	4+11=15	
 8. What do you mean by 'social group' ? Explain its characteristics. Describe different forms of social institutions and their importance on social life. 3+6+6=15 		
9. What is Democracy? What are the characteristics of demo Explain its different forms.	ocratic ideals ? 3+7+5=15	

Section - II

10. Answer any two of the following :	5×2=10
(a) What is social philosophy?	5
(b) What is meant by Secondary group? Give example.	2+3=5
(c) Is custom contradictory with law?	5
(d) What is liberty?	5

Page 10 of 10